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ECONOMIC REFORMS ON STATE SUPPORT FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CATTLE BREEDING SECTOR IN THE CONDITIONS OF PANDEMICS

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Abstract: The article highlights the state support for the development of the subsystem of cattle breeding in our country in the conditions of pandemics, in particular, the issues of subsidization and preferential lending, and the implementation of effective reforms in this area have been extensively investigated. In addition, the current implementation of the legal reforms adopted in the development of the cattle-breeding subsystem is analyzed and practical recommendations on the development of this sphere are made.

Keywords: pandemic, cattle breeding, financing of the cattle sub-network, lending, subsidizing, reforms in the development of the cattle sub-network.

Introduction
The pandemic that has harmed the world economically and which influence is still at a global level has a serious impact on the process of growing agricultural products of many states, especially on the cattle-breeding sub-sector. One of the main problems in the circumstances of today's pandemic has been raised as one of the urgent tasks waiting for its solution to the problems of increasing the size of the cultivation of meat and dairy products through the development of quality food products, as well as the downstream network of cattle breeding.

It is no secret that, to all of us that cattle breeding is now one of the productive sectors. In this regard, one of the important issues is the satisfaction of the population of our country with meat and dairy products through the priority development of this network, increasing the incomes of the population in the cattle sub-network and creating new jobs in the network. It remains to be said that the products prepared in the cattle sub-network are rich in all kinds of vitamins and components necessary for the human body, and medical specialists have also stressed their opinion, mainly on the high content of meat and dairy products.

Therefore, the problem of the study is to examine the development processes of cattle sub-sector as well as the importance of economic reforms carried out in the network development today.

The solution to this research problem as the need to carry out reforms to support the development of the cattle sub-sector in the conditions of pandemics by the state as reflected in the following:
- development of recommendations on the development of this network based on the study of the peculiarities of the cattle sub-sector;
- to assess the current situation on the basis of the study of the problems encountered in the cattle sub-sector of farmers and peasant farms;
- development of practical recommendations based on the study and analysis of the current implementation of the reforms carried out in the Cattle Breeding Network;
- it is aimed at assessing the effectiveness of reforms in the field of state support for the development of prior cattle-breeding subsystem.

Therefore, in our country, among all spheres, the development of the cattle-breeding sub-networking is paid great attention. In particular, as a result of measures to increase the number of black goods in the personal assistant, farmer and farmer farms, economic promotion of the cattle sub-sector, organization of Service services in the network, the opportunity to achieve positive changes in the development of the network is provided.

**Literature review**

Today, important reforms are being carried out by our government on the development of the cattle-breeding sub-sector in our country. In particular, in accordance with the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 23, 2019 PF-5853 on "strategy of development of Agriculture of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2020-2030 years", the issues such as "increasing productivity in livestock production, carrying out research work aimed at sustainable intensification of Fish and poultry meat, as well as milk production" were expressed in [3].

Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on measures to ensure more effective organization of the process of acquisition of rights over land parcels and other immovable property as part of the South Caucasus pipeline expansion project more ..., the issues of development on the basis of subsidies by commercial banks for the implementation of projects on the cultivation and processing of pet products are expressed in [3].

Furthermore, according to the resolution of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "on additional measures to support the livestock network by the state" dated March 28, 2019, the issues of allocation and provision of guarantees allocated by commercial banks for the implementation of projects on livestock, poultry, fisheries and rabbits from the account of the state fund for support of entrepreneurial activities, including the construction

It is intended for farmers and peasant farms engaged in cattle-breeding, as well as for those interested in preserving, feeding cattle, planting, cultivation of
feed crops, storage of nutrients, feeding with nutrients on the basis of ration, artificial insemination and accounting documents in the conduct of breeding work. The theoretical and practical bases of cattle breeding, origin, esterify and Constitution, productivity, breeding works, product identification, certification, technology of preparation of nutrients, network development are analyzed [5].

These normative-legal acts, adopted in connection with the development of the cattle sub-network, require the development of the cattle sub-network in conditions of pandemics, which can also influence the provision of the population of food, in particular the need for meat and dairy products.

Indeed, in the conditions of the pandemic, the elimination of the problems of population needs by increasing the volume of cultivation of livestock products in the cattle sub-sector by agricultural enterprises is becoming a period demand.

Discussion and analysis.

The cattle sub-sector is one of the main areas of animal husbandry today and can be recognized as the leading sector in providing the population of our country with meat and dairy products as well as light industry with leather and other types of raw materials. It is also widely used as an organic fertilizer in increasing the productivity of agricultural land from cattle manure.

At present, the increase in the risk of global pandemics is seen as a pressing issue in the global agricultural network, in particular, while increasing the production of livestock products. In this regard, increasing the volume of cultivation of cattle-breeding products by agricultural enterprises, in particular farmers and peasant farms, has been identified as a main point.

It requires time to predict the damage that the pandemic could cause to agriculture to take a toll on the global level. In different countries of the world, there is a decrease in food reserves, as well as a state of shortage of food products. Today, prices of soy, rice and corn, which are the main supply of food security on a global scale, as well as meat and dairy products, are growing and the risk of price instability to the population is increasing.

Moreover, large-scale reforms are being carried out by our government to develop the cattle-breeding sub-network, which is one of the main branches of Agriculture in the Republic and increase the volume of products grown by this network. As a result of the reforms carried out in the cattle sub-sector, the increase in the prime number of black goods corresponds to the contribution of peasant farms of private order.

In order to develop the cattle breeding sub-sector in the regions of our country and bring cattle breeding from foreign countries, farmers are provided
with a wide range of benefits. However, today, such issues as the effective organization of cattle farms are not as far as they have adequately resolved.

To analyze, the volume of production of livestock products in January – December 2019 is 107,4 trln. sum or growth trend in comparison with the same period of the year 2018 was 101,7 percent. The share of livestock products in the total volume of agricultural production was 49.8 per cent.

![Figure 1. The volume of livestock products grown in 2019 year in terms of farm categories.](image)

![Figure 2. The volume of livestock products grown in 9 months 2020 year by economic categories.](image)

Source: Data of the State Statistics Office of the Republic of Uzbekistan. stat.uz

The table shows, volume of livestock products grown in 2019 year is listed in the economic categories, according to which 91.9 percent of livestock products grown in the cattle sub-sector corresponds to the contribution of peasant
(personal assistant) farms. It can be seen that the contribution of peasant (personal assistant) farms increased during 9 months of the year 2020 [6].

The volume of livestock production for 9 months of 2020 is 89,7 trln.sum the growth rate compared to the or the corresponding period of the year 2019 was 102,3 percent. The share of livestock products in the total volume of agricultural products grown was 51.6 per cent.

Currently, the main attention in the development of agricultural enterprises of our country is paid mainly to these farms. The period of development of the lower network of cattle breeding in farms specializing in livestock became in demand. In this regard, specific problems are encountered in the issues of establishment of farmer farms specializing in cattle-breeding in all regions of the Republic and allocation of preferential credits and subsidies to them, provision of preferences on custom payments for the purchase of breeding cattle, as well as allocation of land for expansion of feed base.

In this regard, it is desirable to correctly plan such measures as where to plant, what type of livestock to grow and multiply, as well as increase the volume of supply of meat and dairy products in the markets to ensure the needs of the population by creating a chain of added value, as well as increase the source of income by ensuring

In the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan № 4576 "On additional measures to support the livestock network by the state" in January 29 in 2019, the decision of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On accelerated development of the livestock network in our country, introduction of modern and innovative methods, increasing the volume of production and expanding the, the issues of providing compensation or guarantee in the amount of 50 per cent of the loan amount for up to 20 billion soums allocated by commercial banks for the purchase of large and small-horned breeding livestock, implementation of projects on the cultivation and processing of livestock products, but not more than 8 per cent of which exceeds the basic rate.

According to him, the fund has been determined to provide compensation for loans in foreign currency, the equivalent of which to small businesses and businesses does not exceed 20 billion soums - up to 40 percent of the interest rate set by commercial banks, but not more than 4 percent of the amount set by commercial banks to cover interest costs on loans. According to the request of the decision, in 2020 — 2022, the state has determined the allocation of subsidies to farms growing livestock products in the following order: in particular, in the amount of 1 million soums per head of cattle purchased from breeding farms operating on the territory of the Republic, and in the amount of 2 million soums per head of cattle
Consequently, it should be said that as a result of the implementation of this decision, livestock production in specialized farms will serve as a mechanism for the development and economic support of the cattle sub-sector.

In the development of the cattle sub-sector in the conditions of the pandemic, it is initially aimed at further improving the economic relations between agriculture and the enterprises that provide services to it. In particular, the development of the downstream sector of cattle breeding will be an economic support in all aspects of effective economic activity, economic priority development of the sector, provision of the population with products in the consumer basket, solution of issues such as employment of the population.

**Conclusion and recommendations**

It is permissible to pass the following recommendations on solving the above mentioned problems:
- development of promising projects in the development of the cattle sub-sector in order to ensure food security of the population in the conditions of the pandemic;
- reconsideration of the level of specialization of livestock farms on the development of the cattle-breeding subsystem due to the geographic location of the regions of the Republic;
- to maintain the balance of prices of meat and dairy products on the basis of increasing competitiveness of producers of cattle products in pandemic conditions;
- to improve the infrastructure of the farms in the development of the cattle sub-sector in agriculture, as well as to organize effective management of the market of food, raw materials and agricultural products;
- ensure their safety on the basis of permanent insurance of the lower network of cattle;
- ensure the legal protection of producers of products of the lower network of cattle breeding in agriculture.

From the above sources, it can be concluded that eliminating the impact of the pandemic, providing preferential loans to economic entities in the development of the cattle sub-sector and further stimulating their activities will create an important ground in preventing the crisis.

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